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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/785,534	02/23/2004	Tetsuya Hayashi	04101/LH	1553
	7590 04/04/200 OLTZ, GOODMAN &	EXAMINER		
220 Fifth Avenue 16TH Floor NEW YORK, NY 10001-7708			NEGRON, WANDA M	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
		2622		
SHORTENED STATUTOR	Y PERIOD OF RESPONSE	MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
3 MO1	NTHS	04/04/2007	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire 6 MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/785,534	HAYASHI ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Wanda M. Negrón	2622			
The MAILING DATE of this communication Period for Reply	appears on the cover sheet w	vith the correspondence ac	ddress		
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR RE WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFF after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory per  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by standard parent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	B DATE OF THIS COMMUN R 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a riod will apply and will expire SIX (6) MO atute, cause the application to become A	ICATION. reply be timely filed  NTHS from the mailing date of this of BANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status	•				
3) Since this application is in condition for allo	This action is non-final. wance except for formal ma		e merits is		
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims					
4) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are pending in the applicate 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are with 5) □ Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are rejected.  7) ⊠ Claim(s) <u>3</u> is/are objected to.  8) □ Claim(s) are subject to restriction are	drawn from consideration.				
Application Papers					
9) The specification is objected to by the Exam	niner.	. 7			
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>23 February 2004</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to	the drawing(s) be held in abey	ance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).			
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the co	rrection is required if the drawir e Examiner. Note the attach	ng(s) is objected to. See 37 0 ed Office Action or form F	PTO-152.		
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for form  a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority docum  2. Certified copies of the priority docum  3. Copies of the certified copies of the application from the International But  * See the attached detailed Office action for a	nents have been received. nents have been received in priority documents have bee ireau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	Application No In received in this Nationa	al Stage		
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date	Paper N	v Summary (PTO-413) lo(s)/Mail Date of Informal Patent Application 			

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#### **DETAILED ACTION**

### Priority

1. Receipt is acknowledged of papers submitted under 35 U.S.C. 119(a)-(d), which papers have been placed of record in the file.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
  The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 3. **Claim 3** is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 3 recites the limitation "the memory stores other control programs" in line 2. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim. It is believed claim 3 was intended to depend on claim 2, and has been treated as such for the remainder of this Office action. Appropriate correction is required.

# Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

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# 5. Claims 1-2 and 6-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by Sakai (JP Published Application 2001-268413).

- 6. Regarding **claim 1**, Sakai discloses a camera device (see drawing 1) comprising an optical system (11a-c), a driving unit which drives the optical system (11d-f), and a control unit (13, 21) which makes the driving unit start driving of the optical system to a predetermined state by an initialization of the optical system, i.e. releasing the collapsible zoom lens (see paragraph [0022]) by activating zoom motor 11d, before other initializations than the initialization of the optical system, i.e. initialization of the signal-processing means (see paragraph [0021]), when the camera device is started up in a state in which an operation mode for photographing is set (see paragraph [0026]).
- Regarding **claim 2**, Sakai discloses a memory (17, 24) which stores a control program for the camera device, and wherein the control unit reads a program for startup which is required for the initialization of the optical system from the memory, i.e. reading and interpreting information that would be inherently required to control the zoom motor 11d, and reads a control program other than the program for startup from the memory, i.e. reading and interpreting information that would be inherently required to control the signal processing means, after making the driving unit start driving of the optical system to the predetermined state by an execution of the program for startup.
- 8. Regarding **claim 6**, Sakai discloses that the optical system comprises a sinkable lens, i.e. a collapsible lens (see paragraph [0003]).
- 9. Method claims 7 and 8 are drawn to the method of using the

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corresponding apparatus claimed in claims 1 and 6. Therefore method claims 7 and 8 correspond to apparatus claims 1 and 6 and are rejected for the same reasons of obviousness as used above.

10. Claims 9 and 10 are drawn to a computer program stored in a computer readable medium corresponding to the method claimed in claims 7 and 8.

Therefore claims 9 and 10 correspond to method claims 7 and 8 and are rejected for the same reasons of obviousness as used above.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 11. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 12. <u>Claims 3-5 rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable</u> over Sakai (JP Published Application 2001-268413).
- 13. Regarding **claim 3**, as mentioned in the discussion of claims 1 and 2 above, Sakai discloses all the limitations of the parent claim. Official notice is taken that it is old and well known to store programs in a memory either continuously or non-continuously. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to store other control programs continuously after the program for startup in order to access said control programs faster decreasing processing time.

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- 14. Regarding **claim 4**, as mentioned in the discussion of claims 1 and 2 above, Sakai discloses all the limitations of the parent claim. Sakai does not explicitly teach that the control unit reads the control program, except for the program for startup, from the memory without waiting for an end of the driving of the optical system to the predetermined state. However, Sakai discloses that the problem sought to be solved by his invention is to decrease the amount of time required to initialize the camera for recording (see paragraphs [0017] and [0021]). Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have the control unit read the control program from the memory without waiting for an end of the driving of the optical system to the predetermined state in order to decrease the initialization time.
- 15. Regarding **claim 5**, official notice is taken that it is old and well known to store programs in a memory either continuously or non-continuously. Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skilled in the art at the time the invention was made to store other control programs continuously after the program for startup in order to access said control programs faster decreasing processing time.

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16. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Wanda M. Negrón whose telephone number

is (571) 270-1129. The examiner can normally be reached on Mon-Fri 6:30 am -

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4:00 pm alternate Fri off.

17. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David Ometz can be reached on (571) 272-7593. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is

assigned is 571-273-8300.

18. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-

Wanda M. Negrón March 29, 2007

9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER